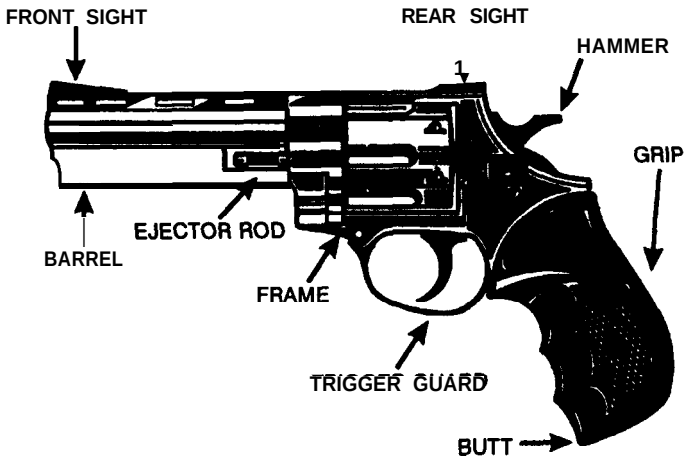
EA/R

Windicator Series

DOUBLE ACTION REVOLVER

CALIBER MARKED ON BARREL AND CYLINDER



EUROPEAN AMERICAN ARMORY CORP.

This manual was downloaded from www.eaacorp.com

(407) 639-4642

EAA MODEL: EA/R (WINDICATOR) DOUBLE ACTION REVOLVER

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS MANUAL FOR:

MODEL NUMBER	BARREL LENGTH	CALIBERS	FINISH
EA/R	4" or 6"	.22LR or .22WRM	B
	2" or 4" or 6"	.38SPLB or	C
	2" or 4" or 6"	.38SPL or .357MAG	B

FINISH CODE:
B=BLUE, C=CHROME

GENERAL INFORMATION

Capacity - 6 chambers (load only 5); Internal Safety
Sights - fixed or adjustable ; Grips - Synthetic
Weight (average) -2" Barrel = 26 oz., 4" = 30 oz., 6" = 34 oz.

FOR YOUR SAFETY AND THE SAFETY OF OTHERS, this owner's manual contains important warnings and safety procedures which must be understood BEFORE using this firearm. Read the entire manual and if you do not understand any part it or the operation of your revolver, stop and seek professional firearms instructions. You can get a copy of this manual from European American Armory Corp. on request.

Record the serial number of your firearm #_____
and a description of it: _____

Make a copy of this manual, proof of purchase/sales record for safekeeping in a secure safe or fireproof container. Such proof is necessary if the firearm is stolen or for warranty repair. Before handling any firearm, make sure you know the safety procedures and most importantly, keep the firearm pointed in a safe direction.

WARNING

YOU RISK INJURY OR DEATH BY HANDLING THIS FIREARM

BEFORE HANDLING THIS FIREARM, READ, UNDERSTAND AND FOLLOW THE INSTRUCTIONS IN THIS MANUAL. ALWAYS KEEP THIS MANUAL WITH THE FIREARM. IF YOU LEND, GIVE OR SELL THIS FIREARM, BE SURE THE MANUAL GOES WITH IT IF THERE IS ANYTHING YOU DO NOT UNDERSTAND, SEEK ADVICE FROM SOMEONE QUALIFIED IN SAFE HANDLING OF FIREARMS.

THIS FIREARM SHOULD ALWAYS BE TRANSPORTED UNLOADED IN ITS CASE. DO NOT USE THIS FIREARM FOR QUICK DRAW. DO NOT FAN THE HAMMER AND DO NOT MODIFY OR ALTER ANY PART OF THIS FIREARM.

TYPE OF AMMUNITION TO BE USED

It is suggested that high quality commercially manufactured ammunition be used in this firearm. Some factory ammunition works better than others and you should stick with the brand you find works well in your revolver. Avoid military surplus or hot loaded ammo. The use of reloaded. Super-Vel. +P, high pressure or hand loaded ammunition will void the warrantv.

N O T I C E

REVOLVERS ARE CLASSIFIED AS FIREARMS OR DANGEROUS WEAPONS and are sold by European American Armory Corporation with the specific understanding that we are not responsible in any manner what- so-ever for their safe handling or resale under local laws and regulations.

European American Armory shall not be responsible in any manner whatsoever for malfunctioning of the firearm, for physical injury or for property damage resulting in whole or in part from (1) intentional or negligent discharge, (2) improper or careless handling, (3) unauthorized modifications and/or alteration to the internal/safety mechanisms, (4) defective, improper, high pressure, hand-loaded, or reloaded ammunition, (5) corrosion and/or lack of proper maintenance (6) neglect, or (7) other influences beyond our direct and immediate control. This limitation applies regardless of whether liability is asserted on the basis of contract, negligence or strict liability (including any failure to warn). Under no circumstance shall European American Armory Corporation be liable for incidental or consequential damages, such as loss of use of property, commercial loss and loss of earnings or profits.

SAFETY PROCEDURES

1. We recommend that you get competent firearms instruction in safe handling before using this firearm. Please ask your dealer. All guns are extremely dangerous if carelessly handled or used. Remember that the firearm user is the primary "safety" and to depend on any mechanical devices is to be only half safe.

2. **THIS FIREARM WILL FIRE IF A ROUND (CARTRIDGE) IS IN THE FIRING CHAMBER, THE HAMMER IS FULLY COCKED AND THE TRIGGER IS PULLED.**

3. **DO NOT LOAD THIS REVOLVER UNTIL YOU UNDERSTAND HOW THIS REVOLVER OPERATES.** KEEP this revolver unloaded at all times except when ready to fire and you are sure of your target.

4. **ALWAYS** carry this revolver in its case and unloaded.

5. **NEVER** point this revolver at anything that is not your intended target even if this revolver is unloaded. When loading, cleaning, unloading or handling, always be sure the muzzle is pointed in a safe direction and always keep your finger off the trigger.

6. **NEVER** assume any gun is unloaded. Before handling, check to make sure all the firing chambers are empty. See unloading Instructions and then unload any ammunition. Make sure you know that this or any firearm is fully unloaded before displaying or handling it. When handling any firearm, keep your fingers away from the trigger at all times until you intend to fire.

7. **WARNING:** The actual firearm does not contain any lead; however, it does fire ammunition containing lead or lead compounds known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects and/or reproductive toxicity. Those who discharge a firearm, stand near someone who discharges a firearm or cleans firearms are hereby warned of the dangers presented by lead and lead compounds and should take protective health measures. Avoid exposure to lead while handling and wash your hands after contact. Proper air ventilation is absolutely necessary when shooting indoors.

AMMUNITION WARNING

Old, Hot-loaded and/or re-loaded ammunition may be dangerous. Because of the poor or nonexistent quality control standards among some companies or people who make reloaded ammunition and the dangers of overloads and underloads (squib loads) which may occur, we recommend that only good quality new factory ammunition be fired in our firearms. [If you prepare your own handloads, do NOT exceed recommended pressures in line with those generated by standard factory loads as manufactured by Remington, Winchester, Federal, PMC or other reputable companies.] Do NOT use +P Ammo or High Velocity High Pressure Ammunition (factory or handloaded). Old ammunition may not fire with sufficient force to expel the projectile from the barrel.

WARNINGS -- READING THESE SAFETY RULES WILL SAVE YOUR LIFE OR THE LIFE OF SOMEONE ELSE

Get instructions from a competent firearms instructor before using this or any firearm. Learn from a professional how to handle, load, unload, operate, fire and care for your gun.

NEVER PLAY with your firearm. It is not a toy and can be a very dangerous weapon that can cause serious personal injury or death.

Always keep the gun pointed in a safe direction. Treat every gun as if it is **loaded...all** the time. NEVER point any firearm (loaded or unloaded) at any person or anything you do not intend to shoot. Always keep your gun unloaded until ready to use and make sure that it is unloaded before cleaning.

Keep your finger OFF the trigger until you are actually aiming at the target and ready to shoot. Learn to rest your finger outside of the trigger guard.

Never rely on a gun's "safety" to protect you from unsafe gun handling. A safety is only a mechanical device, not a substitute for common sense and gun safety procedures.

Never leave a gun unattended or where it could fall and fire.

Store guns and ammunition separately beyond the reach of children.

Make sure that they are properly secured so untrained individuals and children will be denied access to your guns and ammo.

Test your gun's operation and safeties only at a shooting range while the firearm is pointed in a safe direction.

Know your target and what is beyond. Ask yourself what your bullet will hit if it misses the target or passes through the intended target. Remember, a fired bullet can travel over a mile (including a ricochet) and is capable of going through walls.

Guns and alcohol or drugs do not mix. Don't take any alcoholic beverages and/or drugs before or during shooting activities.

Never pull a gun toward you by the muzzle. Don't climb a tree, cross a ditch or fence with a loaded gun.

Always empty guns before entering a house, car, truck, boat, RV, camp or any building.

When receiving a gun, always check to make sure all chambers are unloaded.

NEVER accept anyone's word that a gun is "unloaded" or "empty". You should immediately open the action and check to make sure it is unloaded.

Be careful with ALL ammunition. Even 'blank" cartridges are deadly at close range due to the muzzle blast. Make sure your ammunition is in new and in good clean condition. Do NOT oil or grease ammo as this may damage the cartridge primer. Do NOT tamper with or alter the standard factory ammunition.

Keep firearms unloaded when not actually in use. Load the gun only when on the range preparing to fire and unload it before leaving the range.

Never put your hand over the muzzle of a gun.

ALWAYS WEAR protective shooting glasses and hearing protection when using firearms.

Spectators should be at least 10 feet behind and away from the shooter while the shooter is loading, shooting and unloading. Spectators should wear protection for hearing and sight loss and they should avoid distracting those shooting their firearms.

Never carry a handgun in your pocket, purse or tucked in a belt or waistband. Use a revolver case or a proper holster with safety flap or strap.

Never drop your gun. If you do drop it, unload it and check it for proper function before using it again.

Do NOT alter or modify your gun. Don't try to change your gun's trigger pull, because it may affect sear engagement and thereby cause accidental firing.

Do NOT remove any internal safety or safety device on the firearm. Safety mechanisms are designed to protect you from injury or death.

Do maintain and keep your gun clean. Keep in a dry place away from other metals and water. If your gun shows sign of corrosion or improper operation, have it serviced by a competent gunsmith.

Keep the muzzle pointed in a safe direction when loading and unloading your gun. Never point the muzzle at anyone.

Never shoot at hard flat surfaces or water....bullets ricochet.

If a gun fails to fire when the trigger is pulled, keep it pointed down range at the target for 30 seconds. Sometimes slow primer ignition will cause a "hang fire" and the cartridge will go off after a short pause. If it still fails to fire, keep muzzle pointed in safe direction and avoid exposure to the breech, as you attempt to unload your firearm.

Never let water, snow, mud or other material enter the barrel.

Always be sure the barrel is free of any obstruction.

Since many ammunition identifications sound similar, be sure that you use only the correct ammunition for your gun. Do NOT use the wrong size or wrong strength ammunition in your firearm.

Repeated and prolonged exposure to gunfire may cause toxic levels of lead in your body. High levels of lead in the blood may result cancer, impotency and birth defects. When shooting. indoors, make sure there is proper fresh air ventilation.

Teach children: 1. NOT to touch guns, bullets, cartridges, shells, flares or any explosive device and 2. If they discover such a dangerous item or weapon, they must immediately report its location to their parents, school teacher and police.

Remember a firearm has the capability of taking your life or the life of someone else. Be careful with your firearm — an accident is almost always the result of no following basic safety rules.

HOME SAFETY IS PROBABLY YOUR BIGGEST CONCERN. We suggest a gun lock such as Master Gun Locks. They work on most firearms and are available in gun shops and sporting goods departments. For more information write: Master Gun Locks; Master Lock Company, P. 0. Box 10367, Milwaukee. WI 53210. You have invested this much in your new firearm, now invest a little more in your family's safety.

USED FIREARMS - If you got your European American Armory firearm as a used gun, BEFORE USING IT you should unload it and check all its functions to be sure it works correctly. Firearms are some times altered to work incorrectly, or parts may be removed, lost or replaced with incorrect parts. First, unload it and check it yourself and then take it to a good gunsmith who knows European American Armory firearms, and have him examine it.

WRITE US concerning any items or circumstances which you don't understand and which might relate to your safety and the operation of your firearm.

W A R N I N G

BEFORE LOADING or firing a revolver, examine the bore and the firing chambers to be certain they are clean and free of any obstruction. Even a heavy coat of oil, grease or water may result in damage to the firearm and injury to the shooter and/ or persons near the firearm. A misfire or unusual sound upon firing is a signal to cease firing and to examine the chambers and bore. If there is any obstruction, clear the obstruction and clean the bore and chambers before firing.

HANDLING WARNING

Do not load the revolver until you are ready to use it.

NEVER CARRY ANY REVOLVER WITH THE HAMMER COCKED OR WITH THE TRIGGER HELD TO THE REAR. If the trigger is held to the rear, the gun can fire if the hammer strikes the firing pin. Note that it need not be a deliberate effort to pull the trigger. Any situation where the trigger attains its rearward position and the hammer hits the firing pin can cause the cartridge under the firing pin to discharge if the hammer falls or is struck. NEVER DROP OR STRIKE ANY REVOLVER — COCKED OR UNCOCKED. ALWAYS CARRY AND HANDLE THE REVOLVER IN SUCH A MANNER THAT THE HAMMER WILL NOT BE STRUCK.

1. HANDLING IN GENERAL

This revolver has an internal safety and does not require an unloaded chamber under the hammer; however, we recommend you keep one chamber empty in the cylinder and the hammer at rest on this empty chamber.

This revolver has an internal safety device which keeps the hammer from striking the firing pin except when the hammer is all the way back in the full cock position and the trigger is pulled completely back. After each shot, the trigger must return to the forward position. If it does not, unload the revolver immediately and do not use until it has been repaired by a competent gunsmith or EAA.

This is a double action revolver and thus, you cock the hammer by pulling the trigger. Always keep your finger off the trigger while handling this firearm. The only time you should pull the trigger, is when firing the revolver or when carefully lowering the hammer. Never force the trigger or hammer to move.

2. HOW TO LOAD AND UNLOAD

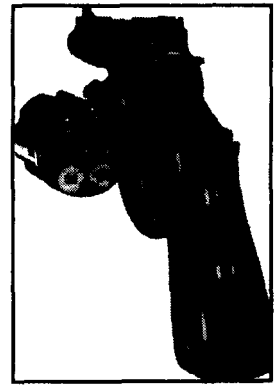
When loading, use two hands to control the revolver so it does not fall from your grasp. Push the cylinder latch forward with the thumb of one hand, and with your other hand push on the right side of the cylinder. It will swing out of the frame to the left.

With the barrel pointing down, load the chambers. Then keep your finger off the trigger, push the cylinder back into the frame with your hand and press firmly until you feel it latch into place.

THE REVOLVER IS NOW LOADED AND READY TO FIRE. BE EXTREMELY CAREFUL.

• * NEVER SNAP THE CYLINDER CLOSED BY TWISTING YOUR WRIST, OR SLAM IT INTO THE FRAME FORCEFULLY IN ANY WAY THIS CAN DAMAGE THE REVOLVER AND MAKE IT DANGEROUS TO THE SHOOTER OR BYSTANDERS.**

EXTRACTION OF EMPTY CASES:



Use both hands during unloading so the revolver and ammunition cartridges do not fall. Keep your finger out of the trigger guard and off the trigger.

Point the barrel down.

Open the cylinder by pushing the cylinder latch forward and pushing the cylinder out of the frame.

Cupping one hand behind the open cylinder, point the barrel up and push the ejector rod to eject the cartridges from the chambers of the cylinder.

3. HOW TO FIRE

KEEP YOUR FINGER OFF THE TRIGGER AND **OUT** OF THE TRIGGER GUARD

First, point the muzzle in the direction of fire. Secondly, keep your firearm pointed in this direction or a safe direction at all times.

DOUBLE ACTION FIRING

With your finger out of the trigger guard and off the trigger, point the revolver at the target area with a secure one or two hand grip.

UNCOCKED FOR FIRING
DOUBLE **ACTION**

Aim. Be sure of your target and backstop.

THINK! what will you HIT if you MISS the target?

Put your finger on the trigger and squeeze. The trigger will automatically move the hammer back, deactivate the internal safety, and let the hammer fall forward to FIRE THE REVOLVER.

SINGLE ACTION FIRING (NOT FOR BOBBED HAMMER)

WARNING: When cocking the hammer, have a firm hold on the grip with the shooting hand. DO NOT TOUCH THE TRIGGER WHILE COCKING THE HAMMER. TOUCH THE TRIGGER ONLY WHEN YOU ARE READY TO FIRE.

COCKED FOR FIRING
SINGLE ACTION

COCKING — Place the fore portion of the thumb firmly on the hammer spur and pull the hammer fully to the rear until it stops. Then, permit the hammer to move very slightly forward until the trigger engages the hammer at full cock.

FIRING — Once the hammer has been cocked, pressure on the trigger will disengage the trigger from the hammer.

CAUTION — If you have never fired a revolver with Magnum bullets, be aware that **.357** Magnum cartridges have surprisingly more recoil and a firm grip is necessary. A novice shooter should be aware that the recoil of any handgun causes the muzzle of the gun to flip upward. The shooter need not be apprehensive but must be prepared.

FIRING WARNING

When firing any revolver, be sure all spectators are a safe distance to the rear of the shooter. When fired, all revolvers have "side blast" or cylinder blast" which is the discharge of hot gas and particles through the clearance gap between the cylinder and the rear of the barrel. These particles of lead, powder grains or lubricants are projected broadly sideways at high speeds and thus, can injure any person who is too close to the revolver. When firing any revolver, always be certain that nothing — including either of your hands — is in the path of the hot gas and particles which are discharged from the front and sides of the cylinder. When firing, do not rest your revolver against your hand, legs or body where the muzzle or cylinder sideways blast can hit you. Always keep the side of the revolver away from you' or bystanders. Keep people behind and away from you while firing.

When shooting, full eye and ear protection is mandatory at all times. Shooters and spectators must wear shooting glasses and sound suppressor to prevent eye injury and hearing loss. Vision loss and hearing impairment can occur with only one moment of non- protection.

NEVER quickdraw a loaded revolver and never fan the hammer of this revolver. Quick-draws and fanning are dangerous to you and others. They are abusive to the **firearm** and will void the warranty.

WARNING

ANY BORE OBSTRUCTION, EVEN IF IT IS ONLY PARTLY BLOCKED, MAY CAUSE THE GUN TO BLOW UP IF IT IS FIRED, OR MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO THE GUN SUCH AS A BULGED BARREL. TO AVOID INJURY OR DEATH TO THE SHOOTER OR BYSTANDERS, CHECK THE BARREL BEFORE SHOOTING OR IF A SHOT DOES NOT SOUND NORMAL.

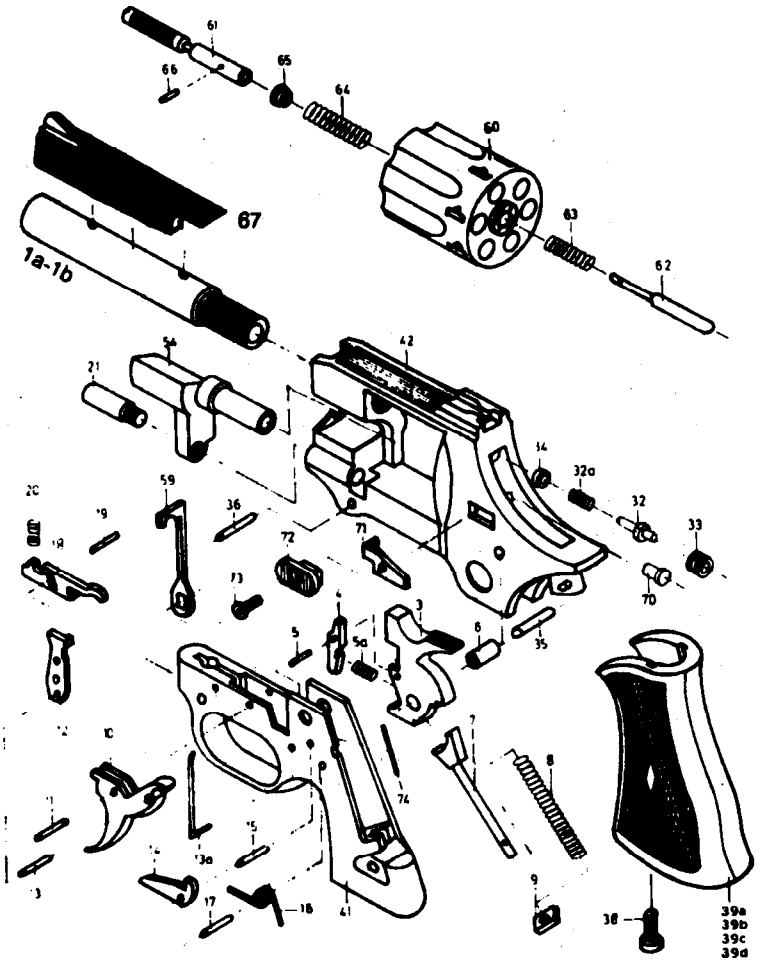
Parts list for EA/R revolver

1a Barrel 2" (not available)
1b Barrel 4" (not available)
2 set screw
3 Hammer
4 sear
5 Sear pin
5a Sear spring
6 Hammer bushing
7 Maim spring guide
6 Main spring
9 Main spring seat
10 Trigger
11 Trigger set pin
2 mm dia. x 9.5 mm
12 Hand
13 Hand set pin
13a Hand spring
14 Hammer safety
15 Hammer safety set pin
2 mm dia. x 9.6 mm
16 Trigger spring
17 Level pin for trigger spring
2 mm dia. x 9.5 mm
16 Cylinder stop
19 Cylinder stop set pin
2 mm dia. x 9.5 mm
20 Cylinder stop spring
21 Hinge screw for yoke (crane)
32 Firing pin
32a Firing pin spring
33 Firing pin nut
34 Firing pin plate
35 Set-pin for grip
3 mm dia. x 19 mm
36 set-pin for grip
2.5 mm dia. x 17.5 mm
36 Set screw for grip
39a Small grip for 2
3Qb Small grip (wood) for 2"
39c Standard grip for 4"
3Qd Standard grip (wood) for 4"
41 Grip frame with trigger guard
42 Frame (not available)
54 crane
59 Firing pin safety
60 Cylinder w/extractor
(.38 special)
61 Ejector axle
62 Retainer axle
63 Engagement spring
64 Return spring
65 Guide ring
66 Spring sleeve
67 Barrel shroud
70 Plunger 4.0 mm dia
71 Angle-piece
72 Thumbpiece
73 Retaining screw
74 Angie-piece spring

WARNING THIS GUN IS MANUFACTURED TO PERFORM PROPERLY WITH THE ORIGINAL PARTS AS DESIGNED. IT IS YOUR DUTY TO MAKE SURE ANY PARTS YOU BUY ARE INSTALLED CORRECTLY AND THAT NEITHER REPLACEMENTS NOR ORIGINALS ARE ALTERED OR CHANGED. YOUR GUN IS A COMPLEX TOOL WITH MANY PARTS THAT MUST RELATE CORRECTLY TO OTHER PARTS. PUTTING A GUN TOGETHER WRONG OR WITH MODIFIED PARTS CAN RESULT IN A DAMAGED GUN, DANGER, AND INJURY OR DEATH TO YOU AND OTHERS THROUGH MALFUNCTION. ALWAYS LET A QUALIFIED GUNSMITH WORK ON YOUR GUN OR AT LEAST CHECK ANY WORK NOT PERFORMED BY A GUNSMITH. WE AT EAA THINK THIS IS A SMALL PRICE TO PAY FOR FIREARMS SAFETY.

EXPLODED VIEW DRAWING

EA/R



WARNING

Always keep the muzzle pointed in a safe direction! Never attempt to load or unload any firearm inside a vehicle, building or other confined space (except a properly constructed shooting range). Enclosed areas frequently offer no completely safe direction in which to point the firearm. If an acddental discharge occurs, there is great risk of injury or property damage. Before loading, always clean all, grease and oil from the bore and chamber, and check to be certain that no obstruction is in the barrel. Any foreign matter In the barrel could result In a bulged or burst barrel or other damage to the firearm and could cause serious injury to the shooter or to others.

WARNING

If there is any reason to suspect that a bullet or projectile is obstructing the barrel, immediately unload the firearm (See Unloading Instructions) and check the firing chambers and the bore. It is not sufficient to merely remove the cylinder and look at the rear of the barrel or bore. A bullet may be lodged some distance down the barrel where it can not easily be seen. Check the bore by using a cleaning rod to pass through the barrel. If a bullet is in the bore, DO NOT ATTEMPT TO SHOOT IT OUT WITH ANOTHER BULLET, OR BLOW IT OUT WITH A BLANK CARTRIDGE OR A CARTRIDGE FROM WHICH THE BULLET HAS BEEN REMOVED. SUCH TECHNIQUE(S) CAN GENERATE EXCESSIVE PRESSURE, DAMAGE THE FIREARM AND CAUSE SERIOUS PERSONAL INJURY If the bullet can be removed with a cleaning rod, clean any unburned powder grains from the bore, chambers & mechanism before resuming shooting. If the bullet can not be dislodged by tapping it with a cleaning rod, take the firearm to a gunsmith.

WARNING (Mechanical Malfunctions)

STOP SHOOTING IMMEDIATELY AND UNLOAD YOUR FIREARM if your firearm develops: a mechanical malfunction; binding or stoppage; spitting powder/gas; a cartridge primer is punctured; a cartridge case is bulged or ruptured; or the sound on firing does not sound quite right. Do NOT try one more shot but unload your firearm and take it and the ammunition to a gunsmith for examination. Do not assume that the revolver is empty merely because you checked the cylinder. You must also check the bore for any fired bullet jammed inside the barrel.

4. HOW TO DECOCK

TO UNCOCK (DECOCK) THE REVOLVER:

If the revolver is cocked and you wish uncock the revolver without firing it, proceed as follows:

USE EXTREME CARE WHEN ATTEMPTING TO DECOCK THE REVOLVER AS THE THUMB SLIPPING DURING THIS PROCESS CAN RESULT IN AN ACCIDENTAL

DISCHARGE IF THE TRIGGER IS HELD TO THE REAR AND THE HAMMER FALLS.

1. Make certain that the revolver is pointing in a safe direction.

2. Make certain both hands are dry and not impeded in any way — gloves, bandage, cold, etc.

3. Grasp the revolver (if right handed) so that the thumb and forefinger of your left hand are firmly holding the frame, forward of the trigger guard. Thus, your left hand is in full control of the revolver.

4. Place your right thumb firmly on the hammer spur and with your thumb securely in control of the hammer, squeeze the trigger only enough to permit the hammer to break free of the trigger. At that instant, slowly permit the hammer (STILL SECURE UNDER YOUR THUMB) to move forward to its resting position against the frame.

Practice this important gun handling skill with an unloaded revolver until you have developed the proper control and touch to safely decock your revolver. The key to safe decocking is having the weight of the revolver controlled with one hand, while the thumb and forefinger of the "shooting hand" control the hammer and trigger.

CLEANING AND MAINTENANCE OF REVOLVER

1. Materials needed to clean this revolver are: a cleaning rod, cotton bore patches, brass bore brush, powder solvent, a small soft brush and good quality gun oil.

2. After making sure the revolver is unloaded, remove the cylinder from the revolver as discussed previously in this instruction manual.

WARNING: Lead or lead compounds are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects and/or reproductive toxicity. Those who clean firearms should take protective measures to avoid contact or exposure to such chemicals.

3. Using the bore brush with powder solvent scrub the barrel and chambers to remove any powder and lead residue in the bore. Secondly, swab the bore and cylinder with cotton patches soaked in solvent. Always and lastly, swab with cotton patch with gun oil to coat and protect the bore and chambers from rust and corrosion.

4. Any powder fowling on the cylinder, firing wall, barrel, etc. can be easily cleaned with a brush and powder solvent.

5. All external surfaces should be wiped down with light coat of rust preventative. Avoid using too much oil as dust and/or debris can get trapped in the oil creating a gum that in time will cause misfires.

6. CAUTION in using solvents in gun bore cleaning. Prolonged or excess contact with finish or bluing can damage the gun's finish. Be sure to wipe away all excess solvent and then lubricate with oil.

7. A gun should be cleaned after firing. In addition, external parts should be wiped with an oiled cloth after handling. A light oil is ordinarily all that is necessary in cleaning if the gun has not been fired or fired very little. If a gun is used frequently, it must be cleaned after each firing and regularly serviced by a professional gunsmith. If the gun has been stored, remove all excess oil and/or grease before firing. Always check to be sure that no cleaning patch or other obstruction remains in the bore or chambers before firing.

DANGER — AMMUNITION WARNING

Firearms may be damaged and serious injury or death to the shooter or bystander may result from any condition which contributes to the generation of excessive pressure or uncontrolled release of gas within the firearm. Such adverse conditions can be caused by bore or chamber obstruction, propellant powder overloads or by defective, incorrect or improperly loaded and assembled cartridge components. Even the strongest firearm can be blown up as a result of excessive pressure. It is extremely dangerous to use a cartridge whose pressure is greater than that developed by cartridges loaded to industry standards.

AMMUNITION (CARTRIDGES) NOTICE

We specifically disclaim responsibility for any damage, injury or death occurring in connection with or as the result of the use of European American Armory revolvers of faulty, non-standard, remanufactured, hand loaded or reloaded ammunition, used cartridges or cartridges other than factory cartridges for which the firearm was originally chambered.

LUBRICATION WARNING

Firing a revolver with oil, grease or any other material even partially obstructing the bore may result in damage to the revolver and injury to the shooter and those nearby. Do not spray or apply lubricants directly on ammunition. If the powder charge of a cartridge is affected by the lubricant, it may not be ignited, but the energy from the primer may be sufficient to push the bullet into the bore where it may become lodged. Firing a subsequent bullet into the obstructed bore will damage the revolver and may cause injury to the shooter and those nearby.

Use lubricants properly. You are responsible for the proper care and maintenance of your firearm and ammunition.

THE HOLSTER

A good quality properly designed holster should be used for safe carrying of your revolver. It must be the correct size, and it should have a safety flap or strap or other means of securing the revolver so it cannot fall out.

DO NOT CARRY THE REVOLVER COCKED. DO NOT CARRY IT IN A POCKET, OR TUCKED INTO A WAISTBAND OR BELT, OR OTHER INFORMAL MEANS.

Holsters create some normal wear on any handgun and usually cause some of the blueing to wear off. This does not hurt the function of the revolver.

Do not store a revolver in a holster as this leads to corrosion. Keep the box and use it for storage. Never put the revolver away for storage loaded or cocked. Store firearms and ammunition separately, out of the reach of children.

LIFE TIME LIMITED WARRANTY

All European American Armory Corp. firearms are warranted to the original retail customer for life from date of purchase against defects in material and workmanship. All parts and labor or replacement at our option are covered.

Transportation to and from our repair facilities, damage caused by failure to perform normal maintenance, sales outside the United States, damage due to use of high velocity, high pressure, reloaded or other nonstandard ammunition, or any unauthorized repair, modification, misuse, abuse, fanning the hammer or alteration of the product is not covered by this Limited Warranty.

Any implied warranties, including the implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose, are limited to one year from date of original retail purchase. Consequential or incidental damages and/or expenses, or any other expenses are not covered by this warranty.

To obtain warranty performance send your firearm with proof of retail purchase, freight prepaid to:

E A A Corp.
3055 North U.S. Highway One
Cocoa, Florida 32227

W A R N I N G

Altering or modifying parts and/or internal safeties is dangerous and will void the warranty. This single action revolver was manufactured to perform properly with the original parts as designed. It is your duty to make sure any parts you buy are made for this firearm and are installed correctly and that neither the replacements nor originals are altered or changed. Your gun is a complex precision tool with many parts that must relate correctly to other parts in order for proper and safe operation. Putting a gun together wrong or with incorrect or modified parts can result in a damaged gun, danger, and injury or death to you and others through malfunction. Always have a qualified gunsmith work on your gun or at least check any work not performed by a gunsmith.